

Joint Finance Committee Hearing February 15, 2012

Economic and Budget Challenges



- > Adapting to Reductions in Federal Programs
- ➤ Making Key Investments: Winning in the Turns
 - ➤ Reducing Energy Costs and Improving Air Quality
 - ➤ Providing Clean Water
 - ➤ Building Critical Infrastructure and Improving Preparedness
 - Restoring Critical Wildlife Habitat and Promoting Ecotourism
 - Supporting Healthy Families / No Child Left Inside

Adapting to Federal Cuts



- ➤ U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
 - President's budget proposes
 19.9% reduction in Clean
 Water State Revolving Fund
 (SRF) for water infrastructure
 - » Other proposed reductions: Beach Protection (100%), Leaking Underground Storage Tanks (13%)



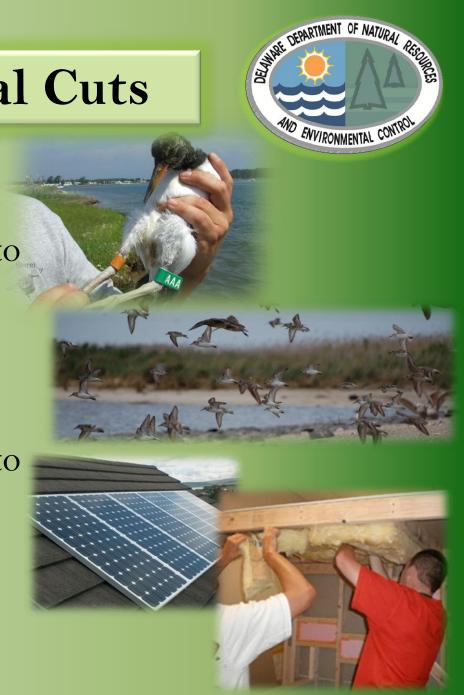
Adapting to Federal Cuts

> U.S. Dept. of Interior

» Significant cuts proposed to State Wildlife Grants

➤ U.S. Dept. of Energy

» Significant cuts proposed to State Energy Program, low-income assistance programs, etc.



FY2013 Recommended Operating Budget



➤ No growth General Fund Budget

Personnel Cost Contingency from State Policy

\$35,284,700 \$425,900

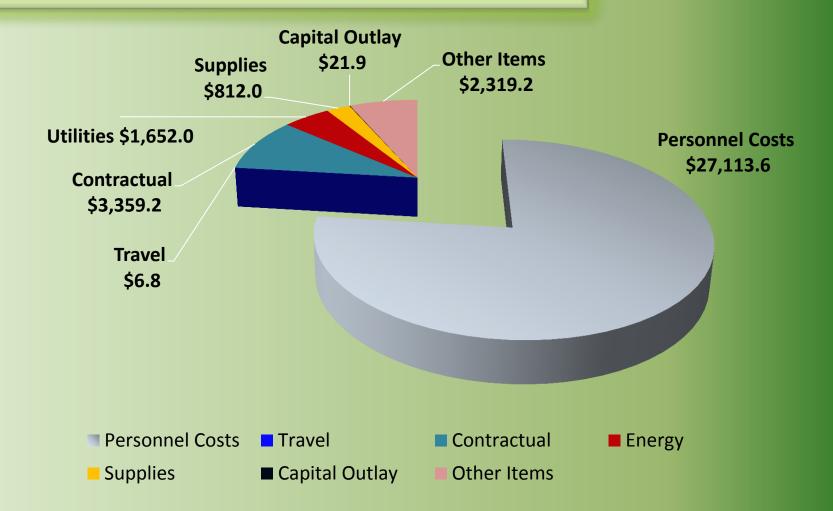
➤ Minor Structural Changes and FTE movements based on program assignments and funding sources

Formalize existing Division of Energy and Climate

Fiscal Year 2013 General Fund Recommended Budget:

\$35,284,700

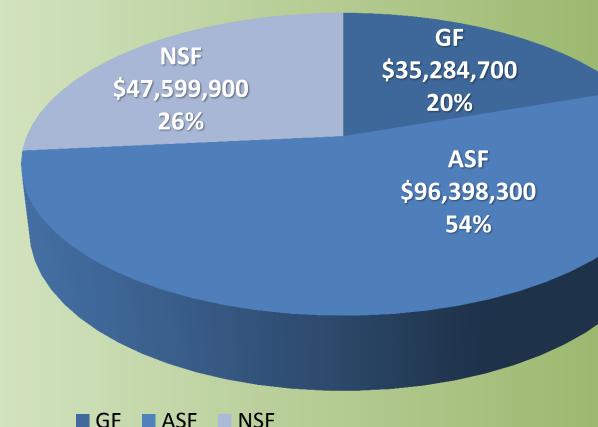




Fiscal Year 2013 Recommended Budget



Total of All Funds: \$179,282,900



DNREC GF Budget History



Recommended FY2013 Budget

DNREC Position History



Permitting Efficiencies



- Permitting & Regulatory: Meeting and exceeding Governor Markell's permitting turnaround targets providing predictable 15-day preliminary review and 60-day technical review for most applications:
 - Wetlands/Subaqueous: 2 day initial review; 97% technical review completed within 60 days for public notice
 - > Wells: 90% issued within 30 days, 95% in 60 days
 - > Small on-site septic: evaluations completed in <10 days
 - LEAN reviews to achieve reduced air permitting turnaround times of 50% (and eliminated backlog), reduced brownfield remediation process time by nearly 45%

Permitting Efficiencies



▶ Permitting & Regulatory Improvements:

- > Biannual review required by epilogue language
- Evaluating moving towards a "user-pays" or "cost-recovery" model to make permitting programs more self-sufficient
- Working to ensure permitting times remain efficient despite increasing salary costs and declining GF, NSF & unstable ASF
- Identifying opportunities for greater efficiency, particularly in programs with acute funding need or existing GF subsidies
- Most permit fees not changed since 1991

Consolidation and Efficiencies



More efficient operations:

- Office of Natural Resources and Office of Environmental Protection sharing resources to fulfill mission
- > Financial consolidation to improve coordination and reduce costs
- > Multimedia teams facilitating permitting of large facilities
- > Improving user-friendliness of environmental/business data
- Laboratory coordination between DNREC and DHSS

Consolidation and Efficiencies



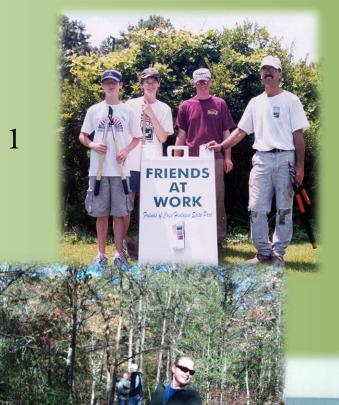
>Fleet Management:

- Reduced fleet miles 68%+ (exceeding EO18 goal of 15%) avg. weekly usage down from 62,334 in 2008 to 19,680 in 2011
- Pooling vehicles to establish sites statewide at field locations resulting in significant increase in internal use of vehicles and reducing the number of daily Fleet rentals
- ➤ Utilizing Fleet Services' partnership with Delaware Department of Corrections Prison Industries for vehicle maintenance on agency-owned assets, providing 60-65% cost avoidance on standard market services

Expanding Volunteerism



➤ 6,408 Volunteers
provided ~150,000
hours of work in 2011
leveraging \$2.3m in
federal funds.





Strengthening **Key Partnerships**







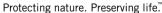






New Castle Conservation District







America's Partner in Conservation



























Keeping it Clean and Green



LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS









AMERICAN LUNG **ASSOCIATION**

Fighting for Air

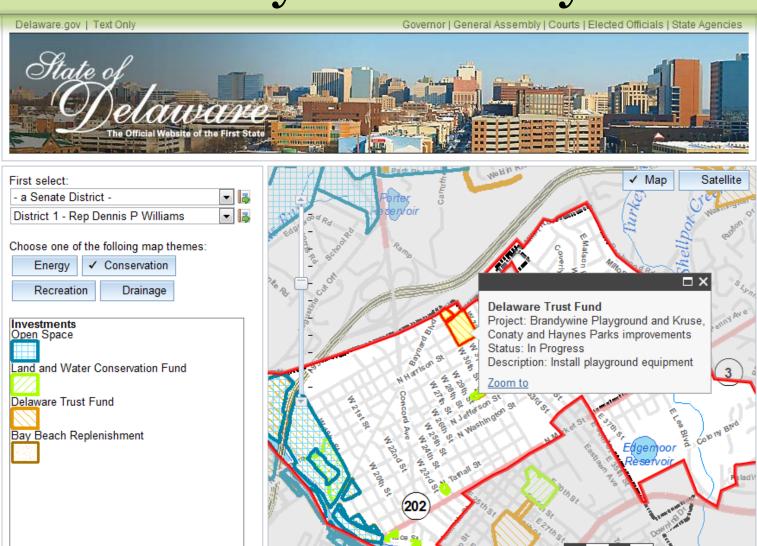


CENTER FOR THE INLAND BAYS

Rehoboth Indian River Little Assawoman



Making Critical Investments in Every Community



Delaware's Key Environmental Challenges



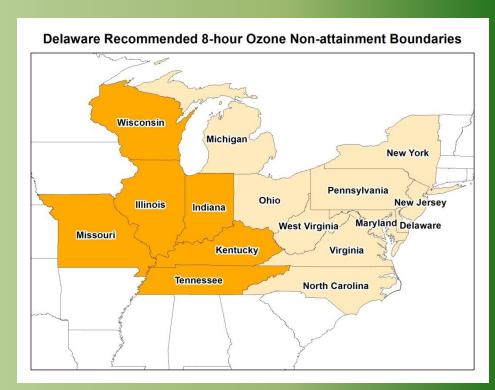
- Improving air quality & ensuring clean, reliable, cost-effective power
- > Providing clean water
- > Remediating contaminated sites/brownfields
- > Improving state's preparedness for storms/flooding
- ➤ Providing world-class outdoor experiences
- > Protecting and restoring fish/wildlife habitat

Providing Clean Air



• Improvements at power plants, refinery, and industrial sites are reducing pollution by equivalent of taking 450,000 cars of the road

 90% of pollution comes from upwind sources



Providing Clean Air





• Issued permit for bag house/dust collector as part of implementing comprehensive pollution reduction agreement

NRG Dover: Converting plant from coal to natural gas

- Project will reduce air emissions by more than 90 percent and create up to 75 jobs
- Replaces the last uncontrolled coal fired boiler with cleaner natural gas combined cycle unit

Providing Clean Air





Delaware City Refinery

- Tight pollution limits to reduce pollution by $\sim 35\%$
- Investments will produce cleaner products



- Dust control plans being implemented by businesses in Wilmington and New Castle businesses
 - Companies agreed to plans covering: transportation, materials handling, processing, and boundary mitigation

Helping families and businesses save money



- Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant helped 39 towns save hundreds of thousands dollars over the lifetime of the equipment.
- ➤ Green Energy Fund has supported 1,926 renewable energy systems (solar, wind, geothermal)
- ➤ Weatherization program now at full performance with 51 Delawareans working to make homes healthier/safer for low income Delawareans
- > SEU Programs/Energize Delaware: Supported 15,967 appliance rebates; 889,917 CFLs; 3,934 home retrofits; and hundreds of business/government building upgrades

Ensuring Clean Water

From excess nutrients (nitrogen and phosphorous) and bacteria.



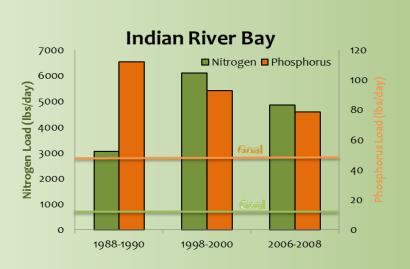
100%

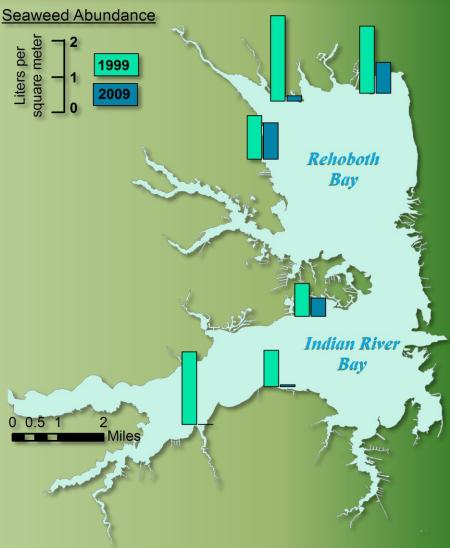
% of impaired stream segments in each watershed

- Declining nutrient loads from all sources
- Non-point source pollution is biggest challenge

Water Quality is Improving

Biological indicators show improvement





Clean Water Investments

- Clean Water Infrastructure: More than \$100M of construction projects underway through CWSRF
- ➤ Working with Finance and DHSS to more effectively leverage water investments
- Conservation Cost Share Program: \$1.5M State funds leveraged \$7M+ federal funds and produced significant reductions
- ➤ Protecting Groundwater: Invested \$1.2m in ARRA funds to address 17 LUST sites; cleaned up 85 LUST sites total in 2011





Chesapeake Bay Watershed Implementation Plan (WIP)

DRAFT Delaware's Phase II Chesapeake Bay Watershed Implementation Plan



DRAFT - December 15, 2011

Assembled By:

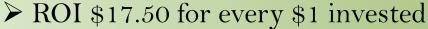
Delaware's Chesapeake Interagency Workgroup

- ➤ Draft Phase II WIP to be delivered to EPA by March 30.
- Final 2013 Milestone Submitted to EPA on January 6
- ➤ Milestones focus: Agriculture, Wastewater, Stormwater, Planning and Land Use, Public Lands, and Communications.

Cleaning Up Contaminated Sites

Brownfield Remediation

FY 12 Bond Bill funds used to remediate 23. Brownfield Sites, ranging from Habitat for Humanity Housing to a Bank and a Wawa, with \$1.4 mil spent to date.





Redeveloping Strategic Sites

Auburn Valley/NVF

 Phase II: demolition of failing buildings on main plant site underway

 Project has leveraged
 \$2M+ federal funding for demolition/remediation

Fort DuPont

 Interagency group working on developing site master plan



the vision of the Auburn Valley Master Plan

have been purchased or conserved.



Universal Recycling





Open 24 H. S OBS911Don't treat us like garbage.

DELAWARE SECYCLIS DELAWARE GOV

RECYCLING DELAWARE GOV

- Goal to make recycling easy
- Compliance date for singlestream recycling met before 9/15/11
- Actual revenue collected from bottle fee less than projected (working w/ Finance)
- Diversion Rate Goals by 2015
 - Solid Waste: 72%
 - Municipal Solid Waste: 50%

Reducing Storm & Flood Damage



➤ 3,607 Acres of land developed throughout the state in 2011 is protected by permanent stormwater management best practices.



➤ 306,000 Tons of Sediment has been kept from Delaware's waterways by implementation of stormwater practices during construction.

Reducing Storm & Flood Damage

Repairing/Replacing Dikes and Dams



Waterway Management

➤ 170 channel markers on State and Federal Waterways

Beach Nourishment

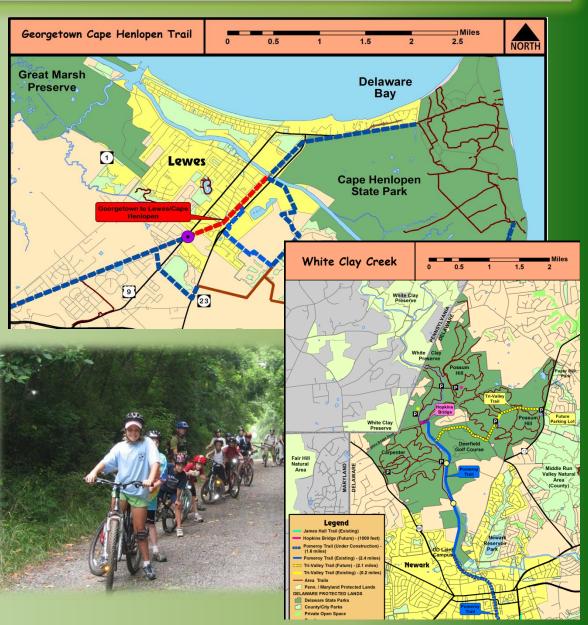
➤ 3,100,000 cubic yards of sand to nourish the beaches at Lewes, Rehoboth, Dewey, Bethany, S.Bethany and Fenwick beaches. Total project cost \$38,968,222. (65:35 funding ratio).



First State Trails & Pathways Plan

Governor's Statewide Trails Initiative:

- ➤ Interconnected trails across all three counties
- ➤ Initiative supports job creation, community connections, recreation, transportation, healthy families



No Child Left Inside

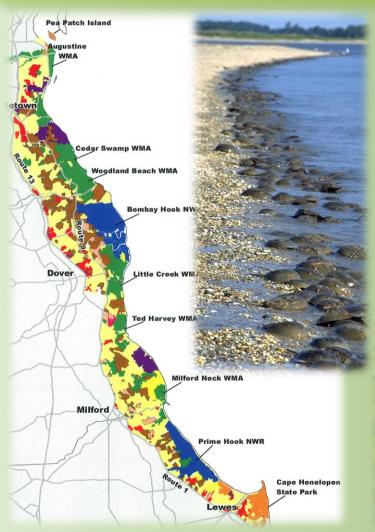
Children in Nature
Taskforce developing
recommendations

Average Delaware child: 44 hours of screen-time/week

Partnership with DOE, DHSS, Nemours, DNS, UD, USFWS



Restoring Fish and Wildlife Habitat & Expanding Ecotourism

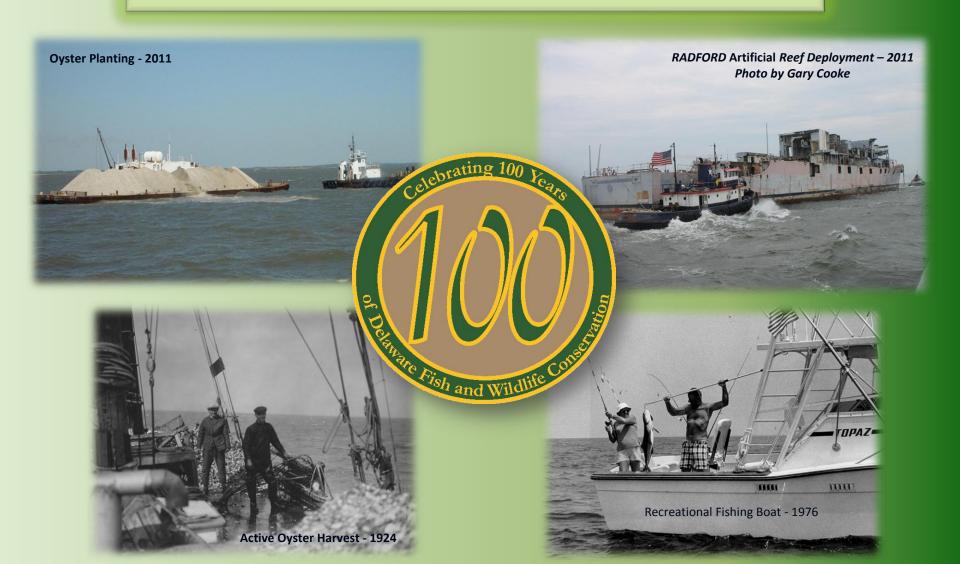


Delaware Bayshore Initiative:

- Habitat conservation/restoration
- Low-impact recreation/ ecotourism
- Connecting local communities
- Partnership with TNC, DNS,
 DWL, DOS, TCF, PDE, etc.



Celebrating a Century of Conservation Success



Natural Resources Police & Emergency Services

